

Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures



Llandough
(near Penarth)



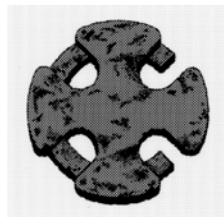
Heritage Lottery Fund
Suite 5A,
Hodge House,
Guildhall Place,
Cardiff,
CF10 1DY



Directorate of Economic and
Environmental Regeneration,
Docks Office,
Barry Dock,
Vale of Glamorgan,
CF63 4RT



Conservation and Design Team,
Docks Office,
Barry Dock,
Vale of Glamorgan,
CF63 4RT



CADW
Welsh Assembly Government
Plas Carew
Unit 5/7 Cefn Coed
Parc Nantgarw
Cardiff
CF15 7QQ

CADW



Barry Community Enterprise Centre
Skomer Road,
Barry
CF62 9DA

Civic Trust for Wales

Civic Trust for Wales
3rd Floor, Empire House,
Mount Stuart Square
Cardiff
CF10 5FN



The Penarth Society
3 Clive Place,
Penarth,
CF64 1AU

Foreword

For many years now the recording and protection afforded to the historic environment has been bound within the provisions of a number legislative Acts of Parliament. Indeed, the Vale of Glamorgan has over 100 Scheduled Ancient Monuments, over 700 Listed Buildings and 38 Conservation Areas that are afforded statutory protection by legislation.

However, this system of statutory recognition, by its nature, only takes account of items of exceptional significance. Often there are locally important buildings that although acknowledged not to be of 'national' or 'exceptional' importance, are considered key examples of vernacular architecture or buildings, which have an important local history. It is these buildings which are often the main contributors to local distinctiveness, but which have to date, remained un-surveyed and afforded little recognition or protection.

The original County Treasures project was published by the then South Glamorgan County Council in the late 1970's. It was conceived as a locally adopted inventory of 'special features' in the former County area.

However, as a result of local government restructuring, the changes to local authority boundaries, as well as changes in responsibilities and funding mechanisms the survey was never completed, and as a consequence was not comprehensive in its coverage.

In the three decades that have passed since the original survey was attempted, the loss of a number of local buildings and landmarks, and the redevelopment of unprotected sites make the County Treasures project as relevant today as it was then. This publication is the culmination of the efforts of many individuals and groups who have been generously giving of their knowledge, time and commitment over a nearly ten year period, and without whom the County Treasures project would never have been possible. To all those involved, I extend my heart felt thanks in recognition of a job well done.

We should be proud, therefore, that this version of the County Treasures survey is complete, robust and comprehensive. It is in another respect even more valuable than its predecessor, in that this Inventory has not been compiled by the local authority, but by the communities of the Vale themselves.

Each of the 27 community areas within the Vale were surveyed by a volunteer workforce of local people, teachers, history society members, local Councillors and other interested individuals, who gave willingly and freely of their time to reveal and record the very many items that could conceivably be of architectural and historic interest; and which, further to detailed scrutiny, research and qualification, were considered worthy of inclusion. This inventory, therefore, more than any other provides an account of what is considered of local importance by local people.

The complete Treasures Inventory contains some 1200 entries. It contains a schedule giving the name of each treasure, its description, its current means of statutory protection (where relevant), a grid reference, map and photograph.

This 2007 Inventory should not however be seen as a 'final product', and although it indeed provides an excellent account and record at a fixed point in time, it also provides a framework for future additions and amendments, as more or new buildings become apparent, new information or change occurs.

It is hoped that the Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures Inventory will serve several purposes:

- It will stimulate local, and wider interest, and promote care and maintenance of identified treasures.
- It will act as a valuable educational resource, perhaps allowing local schoolchildren to research locally as well as nationally significant events and buildings.
- It will ensure that treasures are fully regarded in the planning process where they are threatened by development pressures.
- It will stimulate protectionist policies within forthcoming development plans and perhaps the recognition of further areas for statutory designation.

The Vale of Glamorgan Council, Cadw, The Civic Trust for Wales, The Penarth Society, and The Vale Council for Voluntary Services have supported this project.

Every attempt has been made to ensure that this document is as accurate as possible. The survey was undertaken between 2002 and 2007.

All content is © copyright of the Vale of Glamorgan Council and all rights are reserved.

All maps are © Crown copyright and all rights are reserved. Published by the Vale of Glamorgan Council under Licence No. 100023424 2007.

Rhagair

Ers llawer o flynyddoedd bellach, mae'r gwaith o gofnodi ac amddiffyn yr amgylchedd hanesyddol yn cael ei reoli o dan amodau nifer o ddeddfau seneddol. Mae dros 100 o Henebion Rhestredig, dros 700 o Adeiladau Rhestredig a 38 o Ardaloedd Cadwraeth ym Mro Morgannwg sy'n cael eu hamddiffyn o dan y gyfraith yn y modd yma.

Serch hynny, mae'n anochel bod system fel hon sydd wedi'i seilio ar gydnabyddiaeth statudol, yn rhoi ystyriaeth i eitemau o bwysigrwydd eithriadol yn unig. Mae hynny'n golygu bod llawer o adeiladau lleol sydd, er nad oes ganddynt unrhyw statws cenedlaethol nac eithriadol, yn dal yn nodedig am eu pensaernïaeth frodorol neu'n bwysig i hanes yr ardal. Yn amlach na pheidio, dyma'r union adeiladau sy'n rhoi cymeriad i ardal er na ddaeth neb i'w hadolygu erioed ac nad oes ganddynt fawr o statws na chynlluniau ar gyfer eu gwarchod.

Hen Gyngor Sir De Morgannwg oedd yn gyfrifol am brosiect gwreiddiol Trysorau'r Sir a gyhoeddwyd ar ddiwedd y 1970au. Bwriad y prosiect oedd llunio rhestr leol o'r holl nodweddion arbennig rhwng ffiniau'r hen sir.

Serch hynny, bu ad-drefnu llywodraeth leol, newid ffiniau awdurdodau lleol a newid cyfrifoldebau staff a threfniadau nawdd yn rhwystr i'r gwaith, ac am na chafodd yr arolwg ei gwblhau erioed, mae'r rhestr yn bell o fod yn gyflawn.

Yn ystod y tri degawd ers cynnal yr arolwg gwreiddiol, mae nifer o adeiladau a nodweddion lleol amlwg wedi diflannu, a safleoedd diamddiffyn wedi'u datblygu, sy'n golygu bod y prosiect yn fwy perthnasol heddiw nag erioed. Ffrwyth ymdrech nifer o unigolion a grwpiau ymroddgar a fu'n rhoi'n hael o'u hamser a'u gwybodaeth am bron i ddeng mlynedd, yw'r cyhoeddiad hwn. Heb eu cymorth, ni fuasai'n bosibl cynnal prosiect Trysorau'r Sir o gwbl, a hoffwn ddiolch o galon i bawb am ddod i ben â'r gwaith mor dda.

Mae pob rheswm i ni fod yn falch o'r fersiwn cyflawn, cadarn a chynhwysfawr hwn o'r arolwg ar Drysorau'r Sir. Mae'n fwy gwerthfawr fyth na'r un flaenorol hefyd am mai cymunedau'r Fro eu hunain a fu'n ei lunio'n hytrach na'r awdurdod lleol.

Cafodd pob un o'r 27 cymuned yn y Fro ei hadolygu gan dîm gwirfoddol o bobl leol, athrawon, aelodau cymdeithasau hanesyddol, Cynghorwyr lleol a rhai eraill â diddordeb yn y maes. Rhoesant yn hael o'u hamser heb dâl er mwyn dod o hyd i'r holl eitemau a allai fod o ddiddordeb pensaernïol neu hanesyddol, a'u cofnodi. Cafodd y rhai teilwng eu hychwanegu at y rhestr ar ôl llawer o waith ymchwil ac archwilio manwl. Dyma'r rhestr felly sy'n adlewyrchu orau'r eitemau sydd o bwys gan bobl yn eu hardaloedd eu hunain.

Mae 1200 o eitemau i gyd ar y rhestr drysorau gyflawn. Mae pob cofnod yn cynnwys enw'r eitem, disgrifiad ohoni, y ddarpariaeth sydd ar gael o dan y gyfraith ar gyfer ei gwarchod (pan fo hynny'n berthnasol), cyfeirnod grid, map a llun.

Serch hynny, ni ddylid ystyried rhestr 2007 yn rhestr gyflawn o bell ffordd. Er ei bod yn adroddiad ardderchog ar y sefyllfa ar adeg benodol, mae'n bwysig ei gweld hefyd fel fframwaith ar gyfer addasu'r rhestr wrth i'r sefyllfa newid neu i adeiladau neu wybodaeth newydd ddod i'r golwg.

Rydym yn gobeithio y bydd rhestr Trysorau Sir Bro Morgannwg yn:

- ennyn diddordeb y gymuned leol a'r gymuned ehangach yn y trysorau hyn ac yn annog pobl i ofalu amdanynt a'u cadw mewn cyflwr da.
- helpu'n sylweddol gydag addysg plant ysgol drwy roi cyfle iddynt ymchwilio i ddigwyddiadau ac adeiladau sydd o bwys lleol yn ogystal â chenedlaethol.
- sicrhau bod pob ystyriaeth yn cael ei rhoi i'r trysorau wrth gynllunio pan fo perygl i waith datblygu amharu arnynt.
- atgyfnerthu'r polisïau gwarchod yn y cynlluniau datblygu nesaf a helpu i sicrhau bod mwy o ardaloedd yn cael eu dynodi'n statudol.

Mae Cyngor Bro Morgannwg, Cadw, Ymddiriedolaeth Ddinesig Cymru, Cymdeithas Penarth a Chyngor Gwasanaethau Gwirfoddol y Fro i gyd wedi cefnogi'r prosiect hwn..

Gwnaethpwyd pob ymgais i sicrhau bod y ddogfen hon yn fanwl gywir.

Mae pob map yn cael ei ddiogelu gan hawlfraint y Goron (H) a chedwir pob hawl. Cyhoeddwyd y ddogfen gan Gyngor Bro Morgannwg o dan Rif Trwyddedu 100023424 2007.

List of Contributors

Steering Group

Ray Caple (Chairman)
Audrey Poole
Graham Robertson
Richard Cole
Nick Lloyd
Gareth Kiddie

Community

Barry

Colwinston

Cowbridge

Dinas Powys

Ewenny

Llancarfan

Llandough

Llandow

Llanfair

Llangan

Llanmaes

Llantwit Major

Michaelston-le-Pit

Penarth

Pendoylan

Volunteer Correspondent

Alun Thomas

Gerald Gracey-Cox

Peta Goodwin

Paul Goodwin

Robert Gwyn Thomas

Stan Lane

Dr.Peter Elmes

Betti Digby

Robin Digby

Cllr.Guy Shackell

Cllr.Lyn Ware

John Gunson

Cllr.Michael Edwards

Cllr.Brian Hill

Robert Gwyn Thomas

Hilary Thomas

Ray Caple

Nigel Williams

Vivian Kelly

Lyn Rees

Joanne Powell

Dr.Sam Romaya

Audrey Poole

Bill Simpson

Diana Mead

Mike Evans

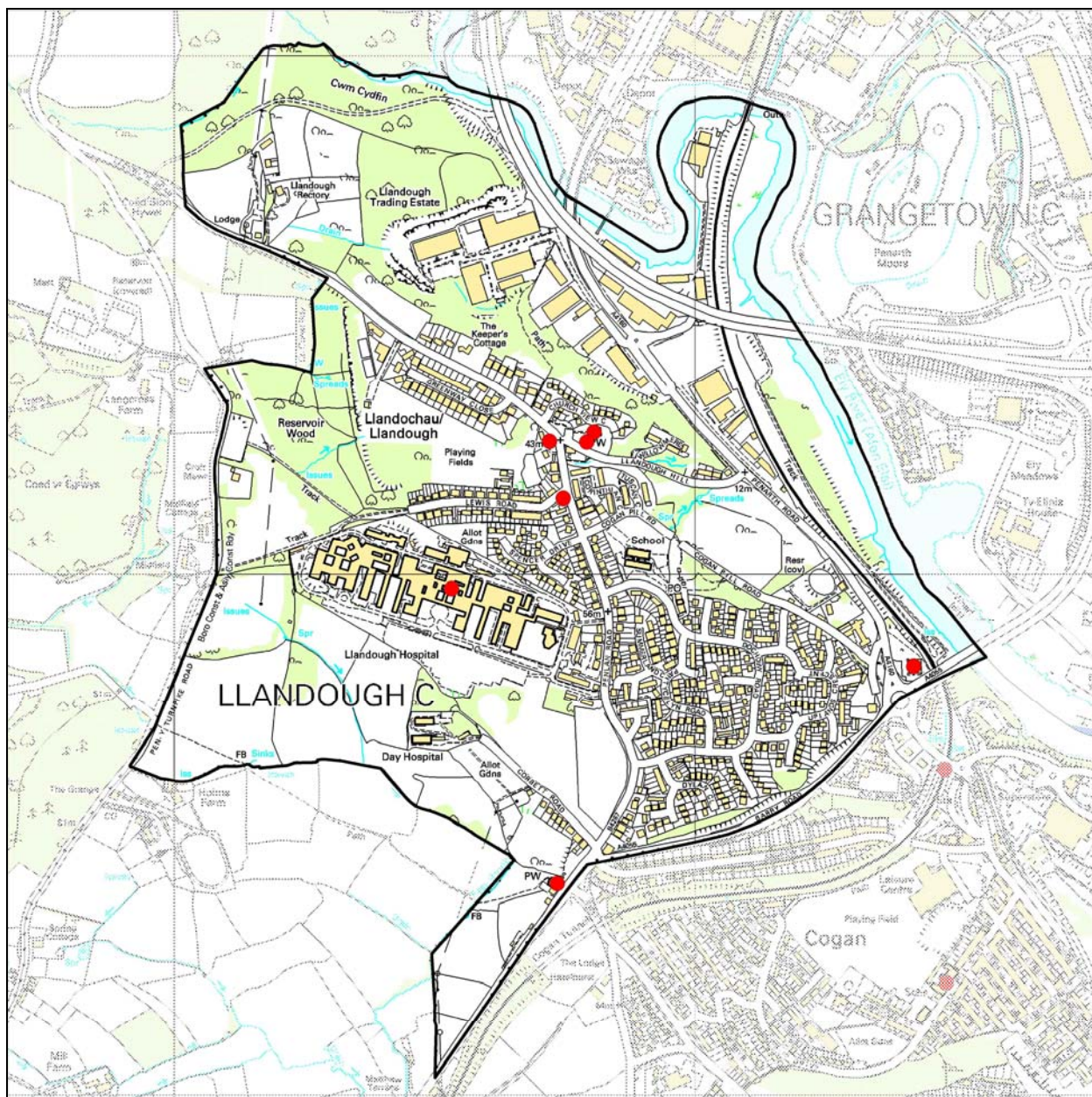
Dr.Edward Coles

Dr.Lisa Coles

Penllyn	Ray Caple
	Brian Gillard
	Cathie Brooks
	Ann Jarvis
Peterston-super-Ely	Dennis Nottage
	Mike Ponting
Rhoose	Barry Atkinson
St.Athan	Barry Atkinson
St.Brides Major	Cllr.Pat Bevan Morgan
	Cllr.Kathleen Mephram
	Cllr.Peter Mephram
St.Donats	John Morgan
St.Georges & St.Brides	Maureen Glover
St.Nicholas	Wendy Lowe
	Suzanne Palmer
Sully	Cllr.Raymond Cox
	Cllr.Janice Bolland
Welsh St.Donats	Liam Ginn
	Vicky Pearce
Wenvoe	Stephen Jones
Wick	Cllr.Philip Thomas
	Pauline Thomas
Other contributors	Lindsay Cuddy
	Sue Gell
	Oliver Leonard
	Gareth Scott
	Bev Searle
	Peter D J Thomas
	Janet West
	Chris Williams

Explanation of entries

Community	<i>The community in which the treasure can be found</i>
Treasure Name	<i>The name of the treasure. This is broken down to include the locality, the street and the individual building where applicable.</i>
Treasure Reference	<i>Unique reference number for each treasure.</i>
Monument	<i>Reference number given to scheduled monuments by Cadw.</i>
Listed Building	<i>Reference numbers given to listed buildings by the Vale of Glamorgan Council and Cadw.</i>
OS Grid	<i>The eastings and northings of each treasure.</i>
Photograph	<i>A photograph of each treasure.</i>
Map	<i>A map of each treasure.</i>
Summary Description	<i>A brief description of each treasure.</i>



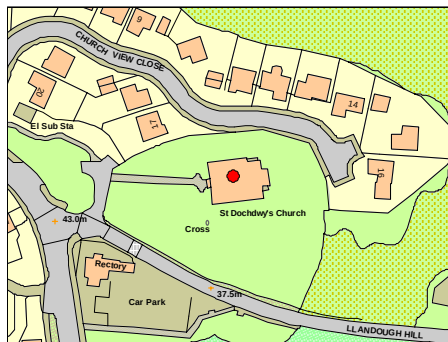
Llandough (Near Penarth)



Llandough (near Penarth)

Church of St. Dochdwy

Treasure	☐	1188		OS Grid E	316806
Monument	☐			OS Grid N	173275
Listed Building	☒	06.01.00	13432		

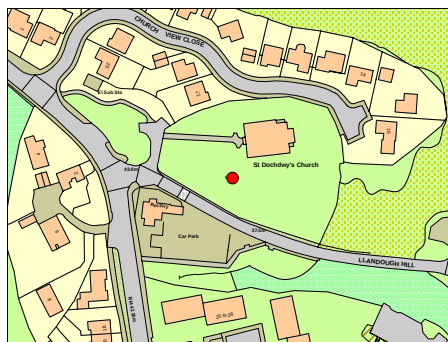


Church with stone boundary wall and enclosed graveyard. Built in 1866, with previous church buildings dating back to the C8. Traditional style unbuttressed building constructed of limestone with a steep pitched slate roof and a tower of the local saddleback type. A limestone graveyard wall with semi-circular coping stones, stone stile, and wrought iron gates. Designed by Samuel Charles Fripp, architect of Bristol, and built by David Jones of Penarth (cost £2,600). Geometric Gothic style (influenced by William Butterfield's St. Augustines Church, Penarth).

Llandough (near Penarth)

Church of St. Dochdwy - Celtic Cross

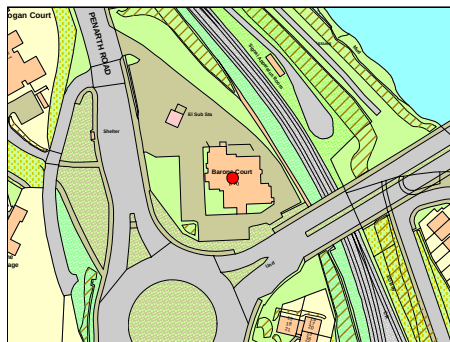
Treasure	☐	1239		OS Grid E	316791
Monument	☒	21/1809/GM209 (GLA)		OS Grid N	173255
Listed Building	☐				



In the C10 Llandough was one of the major monastic sites, along with Llantwit Major and Llandcarfan. This stone cross was erected in that period, or in the early C11. It is constructed in Sutton stone, and consists of four moulded blocks. The actual cross is missing but a similar one can be seen at Llandaff Cathedral. The carving on the cross is of basic interlacing pattern, and the base includes a carving of a horseman, and two human faces on the sides. The stone includes an inscription IRBICI which means "the stone of Irbic" and may be associated with a postulated monastery enclosure referred to in the C11 writings for the "Life of Cadog". The reason for erecting the stone was either to indicate a monastic site or a gathering place of worship.

Llandough (near Penarth)
Cogan - Penarth Road, Barons Court

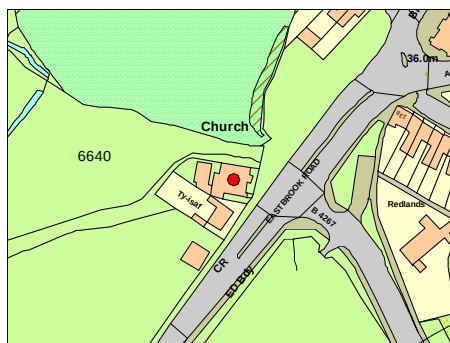
Treasure	☐	1189		OS Grid E	317430
Monument	☐			OS Grid N	172820
Listed Building	☒	06.04.00	15765		



Late C15 or early C16 hall house with mid C16 rear wing. Built either for Sir Matthew Cradock or his grandson Sir George Herbert whose arms appear on the front porch. Stone walls with slate roof, stone stacks with C19 terra-cotta pots, and stone mullioned windows with dripstones and four centred lights.

Llandough (near Penarth)
Eastbrook Road, Llandough Baptist Church

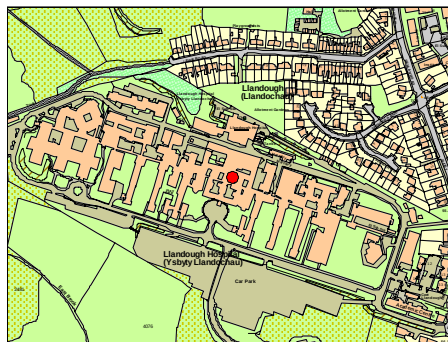
Treasure	☐	1236		OS Grid E	316734
Monument	☐			OS Grid N	172404
Listed Building	☐				



This church building is the oldest Free Church in Penarth district, built in 1859 to replace the previous temporary Baptist place of worship which was in Rose Cottage (opposite Lewis Road and now demolished). It was built of local stone from Llandough quarry and consisted of the church and porch with no interior ceiling and a bare chapel floor. In 1979 the new church centre and kitchen were added, and later the chapel interior was modernised. The roof is of slate.

Llandough (near Penarth)
Llandough Hospital

Treasure	573			OS Grid E	316531
Monument	☐			OS Grid N	172972
Listed Building	☐				



Llandough hospital was commissioned in 1928 and finished in 1934 at a cost of £250,000. It was designed by the architects Wilmot and Smith. The original buildings are typical of the period being simplified classical / Georgian in appearance.

Llandough (near Penarth)
Penlan Road - Former National School and Number 2, Lewis Road

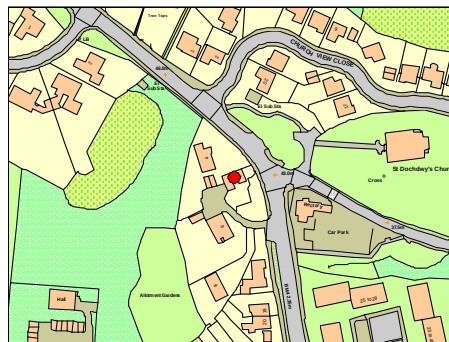
Treasure	1187			OS Grid E	316749
Monument	☐			OS Grid N	173149
Listed Building	☒	06.02.00	13431		



Stone built building with slated roof and red brick surround to sash windows, previously rendered. The building consists of both single and double storey sections at right angles. School comprises of single storey stone building with attached dwelling house. Double hung sash windows and a slated roof. This building was the first "National School" in the Penarth area built in 1825. Over the years there has been some modernisation but much of the original character remains. Listed as a rare survivor of a local school building from the early C19.

Llandough (near Penarth)
Penlan Road - Pound Cottage

Treasure	☐	1186		OS Grid E	316720
Monument	☐			OS Grid N	173260
Listed Building	☒	06.03.00	13430		



Said to date from about 1830, later alterations and extensions. The building used to include a stone pound for stray animals, hence the name. There also used to be a sweet shop within the building. Double storey white-washed rendered building with single storey rendered extensions at each end, thatched roof with end stacks and of stone construction. Important as the last thatched cottage in the area.